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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/811,014	03/26/2004	David G. Wild	CV0330 NP	9570
26079 7590 03/27/2007 BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY 100 HEADQUARTERS PARK DRIVE			EXAMINER	
			THANH, QUANG D	
SKILLMAN, N.	J 08558		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3771	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	ITHS	03/27/2007	03/27/2007 PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/811,014	WILD ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Quang D. Thanh	3771			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status	•					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Ja</u>	nuary 2007.				
	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims	•				
4) 🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,7,8,10,11,14,19 and 20</u> is/are pe	ending in the application.	•			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-3, 5,7, 8, 10,11, 14, 19 and 20 is/ar	e rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	-				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is responsive to the amendment filed on 1/8/2007. As directed by the amendment, no claims has been amended, cancelled nor added. Thus, claims 1-3, 5,7, 8, 10,11, 14, 19 and 20 are presently pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 5, 7-8, 10-11,14 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barak in view of Calderon et al. (6,589,194).
- 3. Re claim 1, Barak discloses a compression device for the limb of a mobile patient (fig. 1) comprising: an inflatable sleeve 1 (fig.2) adapted to surround the limb; a conduit 4 attached to said sleeve for delivering fluid to said sleeve; and a portable, wearable controller 3 (fig. 1) or control unit 68 (col. 6, lines 63-67) attached to said conduit that generates and controls the flow of fluid in the device; wherein the sleeve includes a leg cuff and a foot cuff (fig. 2); the leg cuff comprises only three cells: a gaiter cell 2 adapted to wrap around the lower limb in the region closest to the ankle, a mid-calf cell 2 adapted to wrap around the lower limb above the region occupied by the gaiter cell and an upper cell 2 adapted to wrap around the lower limb in the region between the mid-calf cell and the knee (best seen in fig. 2), except that it does not

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explicitly disclose that the sleeve includes only (consists of) a leg cuff and a foot cuff. However, Barak teaches that "the invention is also intended for use on any body limb such as a foot, a part of a leg" (col. 4, lines 14-15) and "the number of cells in the sleeve can vary, according to the desired treatment" (col. 10, lines 34-35). Moreover, Calderon et al. teaches a similar compression device having a sleeve consisted of a leg cuff 2B-D and a foot cuff 2A (fig. 1); the leg cuff comprises only three cells: a gaiter cell 2B adapted to wrap around the lower limb in the region closest to the ankle, a mid-calf cell 2C adapted to wrap around the lower limb above the region occupied by the gaiter cell and an upper cell 2D adapted to wrap around the lower limb in the region between the mid-calf cell and the knee in the form of a shoe, boot or stocking (col. 3, lines 40-43) for treatment of edema and varicose veins (see abstract) to a lower limb (fig. 1). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to limit the Barak' device to include only a leg cuff and a foot cuff to treat the lower limb in the form a shoe, boot or stocking, as suggested by Calderon et al., for the purpose of providing treatment of edema and varicose veins locally to a lower limb. Furthermore, since Barak already teaches that "various changes, omissions to the form and detail thereof may be made therein" (col. 10, lines 38-40), therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to eliminate the cell of the thigh, since it has been held that omission of an element and its function in a combination where the remaining elements perform the same functions as before involves only routine skill in the art. In re Karlson, 136 USPQ 184.

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- 4. Re claims 2-3, 5, 7, Barak discloses the controller comprises a microprocessor control system (control unit 68, col. 6, lines 63-67) and a pump (pump unit 60, col. 6, lines 22-33); wherein at least one pressure sensor 62/63 or pressure monitoring means (col. 6, lines 37-38) is associated with said sleeve; wherein said sleeve is low profile and discrete (fig. 1); said leg and foot cuffs are anatomically shaped to provide compression on those parts of the leg or foot which have the greatest effect on blood flow (best seen in fig. 2).
- 5. Re claims 10-11 and 19, Barak discloses—that the controller is battery operated (rechargeable battery pack 67, col. 6, lines 26-28); wherein each cell is monitored by a sensor—62/63 (col. 6, lines 37-38); and a method of preventing or treating edema or DVT (col. 2, lines 42-49) comprising applying a compression device of claim 1 to the limb of a mobile patient.
- 6. Re claims 8 and 20, Barak discloses the claimed inventions having all the features except for a sock interposed between the sleeve and the limb. Calderon et al. teaches a similar compression device having a sleeve comprising a plurality of cells 2A-D for treatment of edema and venous disorder (fig. 1). Further more, Calderon also teaches that the inner surface of the sleeve "is preferably smooth to engage the skin or a sock or stocking" (col. 3, lines 63-65), thus suggesting that a sock may be worn by the user and is interposed between the sleeve and the limb. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to further modify the Barak' device, to include a sock interposed between the sleeve and

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the limb, as suggested by Calderon et al., for the purpose of preventing skin irritation, skin shear and chaffing at the contact surface between the device and the skin of the limb during use.

7. Re claim 14, Barak discloses the claimed inventions having all the features except it is silent regarding the cells may be pressurized to the same or different predetermined pressures. However, Barak teaches (fig. 5) a pressure system 50 that has a range of pressure of 50-100 mmHg, and therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to operate the Barak's pressure system, such that the cells may be pressurized to the same or different predetermined pressures, for the purpose of providing a variety of compression therapy being applied on different body parts of the patient suitable to the patient's condition.

Response to Arguments

- 8. Applicant's arguments filed 1/8/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 9. In response to applicant's argument that "the device of Barak, et al. includes one or more cells applied to the thigh" and "Barak, et al. presents the device as including a thigh cuff", while it is true that the device of Barak, et al. includes one or more cells applied to the thigh, Barak also teaches that "the invention is also intended for use on any body limb such as a foot, a part of a leg" (col. 4, lines 14-15) and thus "a part of a leg" can be a leg cuff (and not a thigh cuff).

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- 10. In response to applicant's argument that "from reading Barak, et al., one of ordinary skill in the art would believe that it is essential to pressurize the thigh in order to obtain benefit from that device", the examiner respectfully disagrees. There is no evidence disclosed in Barak et al. to teach that the device would not work without the thigh cuff. Furthermore, since Barak already teaches that "the number of cells in the sleeve can vary, according to the desired treatment" (col. 10, lines 34-35) and "various changes, omissions to the form and detail thereof may be made therein" (col. 10, lines 38-40), therefore there appears to be no unobviousness for Barak to apply pressure only to the foot and leg, especially in view of the teaching of Calderon, which clearly teaches a compression device having a sleeve consisted of a leg cuff 2B-D and a foot cuff 2A (fig. 1); the leg cuff comprises only three cells: a gaiter cell 2B adapted to wrap around the lower limb in the region closest to the ankle, a mid-calf cell 2C adapted to wrap around the lower limb above the region occupied by the gaiter cell and an upper cell 2D adapted to wrap around the lower limb in the region between the mid-calf cell and the knee in the form of a shoe, boot or stocking (col. 3, lines 40-43) for treatment of edema and varicose veins (see abstract) to a lower limb (fig. 1).
- 11. In response to applicant's argument that "Barak, et al. does not teach that the sleeve need not encompass the thigh", the applicant's attention is directed Barak's teaching in col. 10, lines 38-40, which clearly stated that "various changes, *omissions* to the form and detail thereof may be made therein" and thus omissions of the thigh cuff is possible, especially in view of the teaching of Calderon as discussed above.

Conclusion

12. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quang D. Thanh whose telephone number is (571) 272-4982. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday & alternate Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Justine Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4835. The Central FAX phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300 for all communications.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Quang D. Thanh

Primary Patent Examiner

Art Unit 3771 (571) 272-4982